

# Iowa Influenza Surveillance Network (IISN)

# Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Other Respiratory Viruses

### **Weekly Activity Report**

#### For the week ending February 28, 2015 - Week 8

All data presented in this report are provisional and may change as additional reports are received



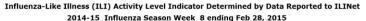
Quick Stats  Percent of outpatient visits for ILI <sup>1</sup>	1.7% (baseline 1.7%)
Percent of outputient visits for its	14.4% (213/1476)
Percent of RSV rapid tests positive	37.0% (156/422)
Percent school absence due to illness*	2.85%
Number of schools with ≥10% absence due to illness	4
Influenza-associated hospitalizations**	19/2,934 inpatients surveyed
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality (Cumulative)	3
¹ ILI: Influenza-like Illness is defined as a fever of ≥100° F as well as cough and/or sore throat.  *Percent school absence due to illness are reported through a weekly survey of lowa sentinel scho *Hosoitalizations due to influenza are voluntarily reported through a weekly survey of lowa sentir	

Iowa Influenza Geographic Spread <sup>2</sup>
No Activity
Sporadic
Local
Regional
Widespread
<sup>2</sup> This is based on CDC's activity estimates definition www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm

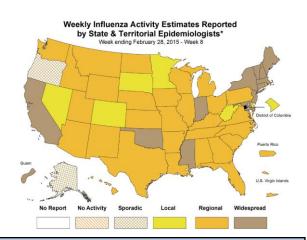
#### Iowa statewide activity summary:

The geographic spread of influenza in lowa is now regional. For this reporting week, the State Hygienic Laboratory detected two flu A(H3N2) and 10 flu B(Yamagata lineage) cases. As we are starting to see a decrease in overall flu activity, the number of lab confirmed flu B is starting to increase. In addition, four schools reported 10 percent or greater absenteeism (one with no flu-like symptoms) and 19 influenza-associated hospitalizations were reported from sentinel hospitals. There have been 57 reported influenza outbreaks in lowa long-term care facilities this influenza season and IDPH has confirmed three influenza-related deaths in children (age 0-17).

#### National activity summary - (CDC):







**Synopsis:** During week 8 (February 22-28, 2015), influenza activity continued to decrease, but remained elevated in the United States. **Viral Surveillance:** Of 16,821 specimens tested and reported by U.S. World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 8, 1,834 (10.9 percent) were positive for influenza.

Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality: The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was at the epidemic threshold.

**Influenza-associated Pediatric Deaths:** Six influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported, including one influenza-associated pediatric death that occurred during the 2013-2014 season.

**Influenza-associated Hospitalizations:** A cumulative rate for the season of 53.5 laboratory-confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations per 100,000 population was reported.

**Outpatient Illness Surveillance:** The proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was 2.5 percent, above the national baseline of 2.0 percent. Seven regions reported ILI at or above region-specific baseline levels. Puerto Rico and six states experienced high ILI activity; four states experienced moderate ILI activity; 10 states experienced low ILI activity; New York City and 30 states experienced minimal ILI activity; and the District of Columbia had insufficient data.

**Geographic Spread of Influenza:** The geographic spread of influenza in Guam and 12 states was reported as widespread; Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and 30 states reported regional activity; the District of Columbia and six states reported local activity; and two states reported sporadic activity.

Detailed information can be found online at www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/

#### International activity summary - (WHO):

Globally, influenza activity remained high in the northern hemisphere with influenza A(H3N2) viruses predominating. Some countries reported an increase in influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 activity. Antigenic characterization of most recent A(H3N2) viruses thus far indicated differences from the A(H3N2) virus used in the influenza vaccines for the northern hemisphere 2014-2015. The vast majority of influenza A(H3N2) viruses tested to date this season were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors. Detailed information can be found online at <a href="https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance/en/">www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance/en/</a>.

### Laboratory surveillance program:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) is the primary lab for influenza testing and reporting in Iowa. SHL reports the number of tests performed and the type and strain of positive tests to the influenza surveillance network several times every week. In addition, SHL surveys clinical and reference labs for the number of rapid-antigen tests performed and number positive weekly. This report also includes the positive non-influenza virus tests reported from SHL, the Dunes Medical Laboratories at Mercy Medical Center in Sioux City, and Iowa Methodist Medical Center in Des Moines.

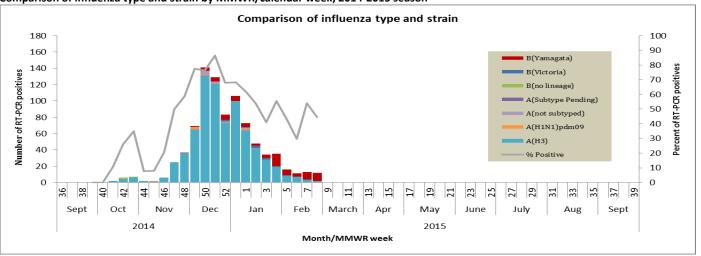
Table 1: I	1: Influenza A viruses detected by SHL by age group								
	CURRENT WEEK				CURRENT WEEK YEAR TO DATE (9/1/14 – PRESENT WEEK)				K)
	Flu A			Flu A					
Age Group	A(H1N1)pdm09	A(H3)	Subtype Pending	Not subtyped	A(H1N1)pdm09	A(H3)	Subtype Pending	Not subtyped	
0-4	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	3(38%)	64(9%)	0(0%)	1(9%)	
5-17	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	1(13%)	122(17%)	0(0%)	2(18%)	
18-24	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	59(8%)	0(0%)	1(9%)	
25-49	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	2(25%)	82(12%)	0(0%)	1(9%)	
50-64	0(0%)	1(50%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	1(12%)	63(8%)	0(0%)	3(27%)	
>64	0(0%)	1(50%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	1(12%)	321(46%)	0(0%)	3(27%)	
Total	0	2	0	0	8	711	0	11	

<sup>\*</sup>Counts of three or less are sometimes suppressed to protect confidentiality. Note that counts may not add up to the total due to missing age information Only cases of lowa residents are included

<sup>&</sup>quot;Not subtyped" column is due to weak detections. This can be due to poor collection, timing of collection or stage of infection.

		CURRENT WEEK YEAR TO		O DATE (9/1/14 - PRESEN	NT WEEK)	
Age	Flu B			Flu B Flu B		
Group	Victoria Lineage	Yamagata Lineage	Lineage Pending	Victoria Lineage	Yamagata Lineage	Lineage Pending
0-4	0(0%)	2(20%)	0(0%)	3(25%)	10(13%)	0(0%)
5-17	0(0%)	1(10%)	0(0%)	3(25%)	26(33%)	0(0%)
18-24	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	0(0%)	1(1%)	0(0%)
25-49	0(0%)	3(30%)	0(0%)	2(17%)	20(26%)	0(0%)
50-64	0(0%)	2(20%)	0(0%)	2(17%)	11(14%)	3(100%)
>64	0(0%)	2(20%)	0(0%)	2(17%)	10(13%)	0(0%)
Total	0	10	0	12	78	3



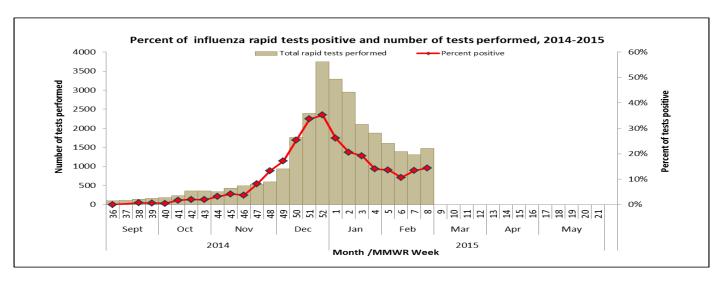


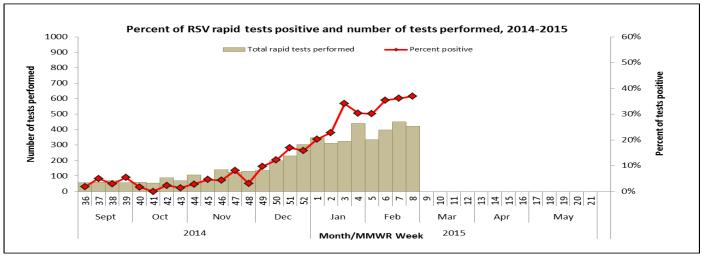
#### Rapid influenza and RSV test surveillance:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of influenza and respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) rapid tests performed and the number of tests positive. This table includes only the number of patients tested for influenza or RSV at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. This table does not provide case counts.

Table 2: Percent	Table 2: Percent of influenza rapid tests positive and number of tests performed by region for the present week								
REGION*		RAPID	ANTIGEN INFLUE	NZA TESTS		RAPID ANTIGEN RSV TESTS			
REGION	Tested	Flu A	Flu B	Undefined	% Positive	Tested	Positive	% Positive	
Region 1	168	10	14	0	14.3	78	34	43.6	
Region 2	36	0	4	0	11.1	14	3	21.4	
Region 3	177	11	19	0	16.9	58	17	29.3	
Region 4	230	16	30	0	20.0	56	19	33.9	
Region 5	136	5	15	0	14.7	35	13	37.1	
Region 6	729	23	66	0	12.2	181	70	38.7	
Total	1476	65	148	0	14.4	422	156	37.0	

\*Region 1- Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Dallas, Greene, Grundy, Hamilton, Hardin, Jasper, Marshall, Polk, Poweshiek, Story, Tama, Warren, Webster; Region 2- Allamakee, Bremer, Butler, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Emmet, Fayette, Floyd, Franklin, Hancock, Howard, Humboldt, Kossuth, Mitchell, Winnebago, Winneshiek, Worth, Wright, Region 3- Buena Vista, Cherokee, Clay, Crawford, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Palo Alto, Plymouth, Pocahontas, Sac, Sioux, Woodbury, Region 4- Adairs, Adudubon, Cass, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Guthrie, Harrison, Madison, Mills, Montgomery, Page, Pottawattamie, Ringgold, Shelby, Taylor, Union; Region 5- Appanoose, Davis, Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Keokuk, Lee, Louisa, Lucas, Mahaska, Marion, Monroe, Muscatine, Van Buren, Wapello, Washington, Wayne; Region 6- Benton, Black Hawk, Buchanan, Cedar, Clayton, Clinton, Delaware, Dubuque, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Jones, Linn, Scott.





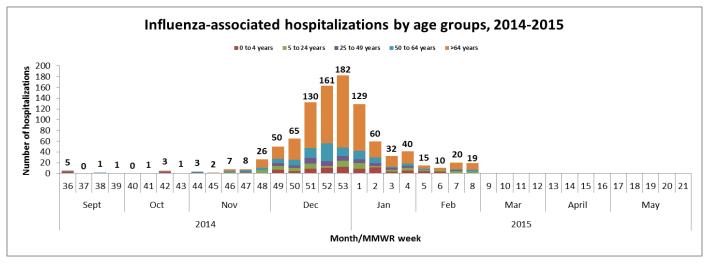
# Non-influenza respiratory virus:

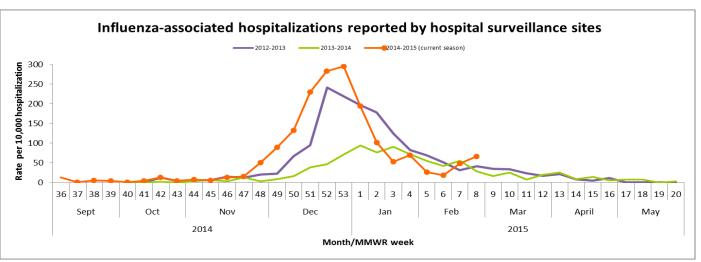
Table 4: Number of positive results for non-influenza respiratory virus isolated by SHL, Mercy Dunes in Sioux City and Iowa Methodist Medical Center					
Viruses	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/1/14 – PRESENT WEEK)			
Adenovirus	12	198			
Parainfluenza Virus Type 1	0	2			
Parainfluenza Virus Type 2	0	99			
Parainfluenza Virus Type 3	5	58			
Parainfluenza Virus Type 4	1	17			
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	21	720			
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	36	279			
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	13	72			
Total	88	1445			

# **Influenza-associated hospitalizations:**

Sentinel hospitals that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report the number of influenza-associated hospitalizations and the total number of inpatients each week.

AGE	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/1/14 – PRESENT WEEK)
Age 0-4	1	89
Age 5-24	2	79
Age 25-49	0	63
Age 50-64	4	140
Age >64	12	610
Total	19	981

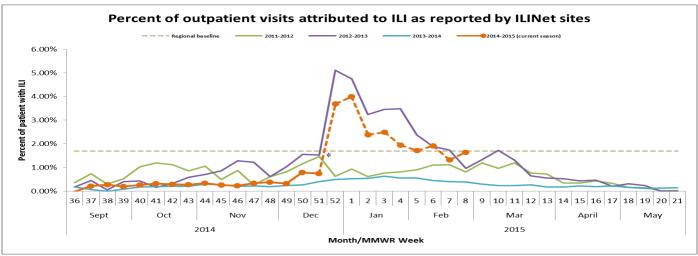




#### Outpatient health care provider surveillance program (ILINet):

Outpatient health care providers who participate in the ILINet (a national influenza surveillance program) report the number of patients seen with influenza-like illness and the total number of patient visits each week. This system is a key part of lowa's influenza surveillance. Iowa health care providers interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Kemi Oni at 515-725-2136 or <a href="mailto:oluwakemi.oni@idph.iowa.gov">oluwakemi.oni@idph.iowa.gov</a> for more information.

Table 6: Outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) – past 3 weeks							
Hospitalization	%ILI	Total ILI	Age 0-4	Age 5-24	Age 25-49	Age 50-64	Age >64
Week 6, ending Feb 14	1.9	34	5	17	6	2	4
Week 7, ending Feb 21	1.3	31	5	15	3	3	5
Week 8, ending Feb 28	1.7	31	8	12	5	3	3

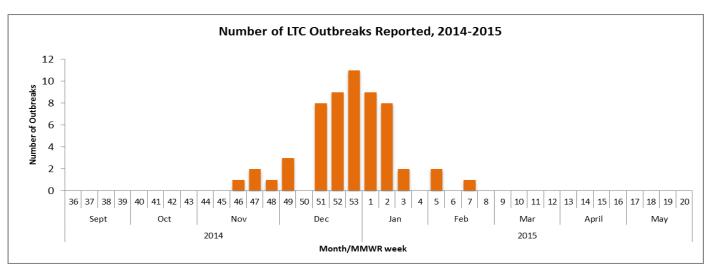


<sup>\*</sup>Database used to calculate this percentage has been modified to more accurately reflect what is occuring in acute care outpatient clinics in Iowa.

# **Long-term Care Outbreaks**

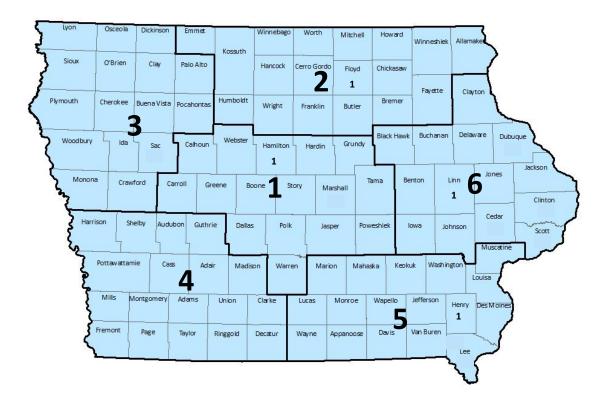
REGION*	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/1/14 – PRESENT WEEK)
Region 1 (Central)	0	14
Region 2 (NE)	0	12
Region 3 (NW)	0	8
Region 4 (SW)	0	10
Region 5 (SE)	0	4
Region 6 (Eastern)	0	9
Total	0	57

\*Region 1- Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Dallas, Greene, Grundy, Hamilton, Hardin, Jasper, Marshall, Polk, Poweshiek, Story, Tama, Warren, Webster; Region 2- Allamakee, Bremer, Butler, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Emmet, Fayette, Floyd, Franklin, Hancock, Howard, Humboldt, Kossuth, Mitchell, Winnebago, Winneshiek, Worth, Wright; Region 3- Buena Vista, Cherokee, Clay, Crawford, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Palo Alto, Plymouth, Pocahontas, Sac, Sloux, Woodbury; Region 4- Adairs, Addubon, Cass, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Guthrie, Harrison, Madison, Mills, Montgomery, Page, Pottawattamie, Ringgold, Shelby, Taylor, Union; Region 5- Appanoose, Davis, Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Keokuk, Lee, Louisa, Lucas, Mahaska, Marion, Morroe, Muscatine, Van Buren, Wapello, Washington, Wayne; Region 6- Benton, Black Hawk, Buchanan, Cedar, Clayton, Clinton, Delaware, Dubuque, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Jones, Linn, Scott.



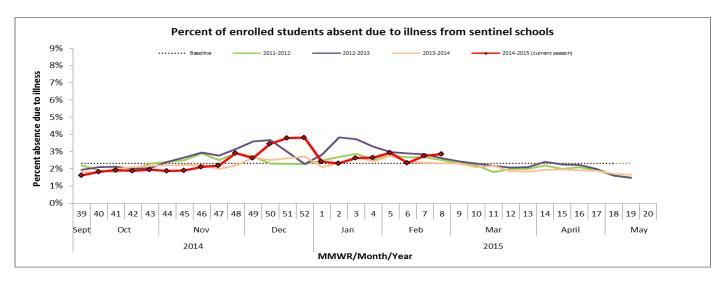
#### 10 percent school absenteeism:

Schools (k-12) track and report outbreaks of influenza-like illness when the number of students absent with illness reaches or exceeds 10 percent of total student enrollment. Regional map with schools that have ≥10% absence due to illness for this current reporting week is displayed below.



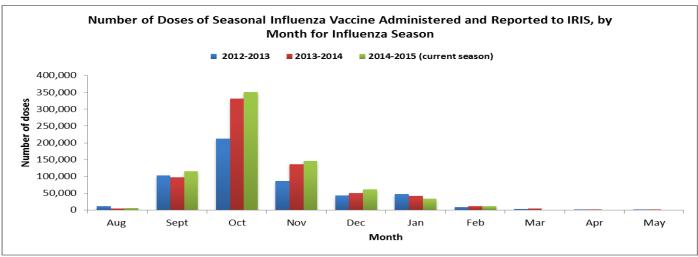
# School surveillance program:

Sentinel schools that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report absence due to all illness (including non-influenza illnesses) and the total enrollment each week.



### Seasonal influenza vaccination:

Seasonal influenza vaccination data in Iowa is based on doses reported to the Iowa Immunization Registry Information System (IRIS). IRIS is a confidential, computerized, population-based system that tracks immunization for children, adolescents and adults who are seen in a variety of public and private healthcare provider sites throught the state of Iowa. For more information on the immunization data, contact Kim Tichy, IRIS coordinator at 515-281-4288 or <a href="mailto:kimberly.tichy@idph.iowa.gov">kimberly.tichy@idph.iowa.gov</a>



Note: The data for the 2014-2015 season is only up to the current week and there is a lag between the vaccine administration date and the date reported to the IRIS. The current season's data will be adjusted as additional data is received.

# Other resources:

#### Vaccine:

Influenza vaccine recommendation: http://www.idph.state.ia.us/lmmTB/lmmunization.aspx?prog=lmm&pg=Flu

CDC vaccine information: <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/flu/faq/flu-vaccine-types.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/flu/faq/flu-vaccine-types.htm</a>

Vaccine finder: http://vaccinefinder.org/

# Neighboring states' influenza information:

Illinois: http://www.idph.state.il.us/flu/surveillance.htm

Minnesota: http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/diseases/flu/stats/index.html

Missouri: http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/influenza/reports.php

South Dakota: http://doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/flu/

Wisconsin: www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/communicable/influenza/surveillance.htm

Google Flu Trends: http://www.google.org/flutrends/us/#US-IA